

Hippings Methodist Primary School



EYFS Curriculum Overview 2023

Characteristics of	Playing and exploring - children investigate and experience things, and 'have a go'			
Effective Learning	Active learning - children concentrate and keep on trying if they encounter difficulties, and enjoy achievements			
	Creating and thinking critically - children have and develop their own ideas, make links between ideas, and develop strategies for doing things			
Overarching	Every child is a unique child , who is constantly learning and can be resilient, capable, confident and self-assured.			
principles	Children learn to be strong and independent through positive relationships .			
	Children learn and develop well in enabling environments with teaching and support from adults, who respond to their individual interests and needs and help			
	them to build their learning over time. Children benefit from a strong partnership between practitioners and parents and/or carers.			
	Importance of learning and development . Children develop and learn at different rates.			
Communication and Language (CL)				

Key Skills, Knowledge,	Listening and Attention	Understanding	Speaking
Concepts	Listen — listen to others 1:1/in groups/whole class, in familiar and new situations or activities, listen to stories with enjoyment. Attention — maintain attention in familiar and unfamiliar situations, attend to other people (adults, peers) both familiar and unfamiliar. Respond — to others' questions, when listening to stories, to instructions, responding with relevant comments. Communication — engage in conversations with others giving attention	Respond to — interact with other people in a range of situations in conversations, in their play, in response to stories or questions. Follow — instructions, requests, and ideas in a range of contexts and situations. Respond to and answer questions — 'where' 'how' and 'why' questions about self and own experiences; 'how' and 'why' in response to stories and events; answer questions in response to thoughts, ideas, predications, speculation, provocations.	Speaking — speak clearly, speak in sentences, use sentences that give many details. Questioning — ask and answer questions when talking to familiar/unfamiliar people in different contexts. Vocabulary — use an increasing range of vocabulary appropriately, understand the meaning of new words. Communication — communicate freely with different people, engage in conversations taking into account the listener, and take turns to listen and to speak in different contexts. Uses Tenses — past, present and future — in conversations with peers/adults about themselves and their experiences, activities, ideas and events. Reasoning — talk about and explain reasons for actions, events, activities; explain their ideas giving reasons in different contexts.

				Clarify Thinking — use talk to connect ideas, and share their thinking in different contexts. Narrative — use language of stories to imagine and recreate ideas in different contexts.
End of Year Expectations (Early Learning Goals)	Children at the expected level of development will: List to what they hear with relevant questions, comments to and during whole class discussions and small group comments about what they have heard and ask question understanding; Hold conversation when engaged in batheir teacher and peers.	en attentively and respond and actions when being read interactions; Make ons to clarify their ck-and-forth exchanges with	ead class and one-to-one discussions, offering their own ideas, using recent introduced vocabulary; Offer explanations for why things might happe making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, non-fiction,	
	Personal, Soci	ial and Emotional Develop	pment (PSED)	
Key Skills, Knowledge, Concepts	Self-awareness — know what they like/do not like, talk about what they are doing and why, talk about their interests, share their ideas and interests with others, take pride in themselves and their work/achievements, share their achievements with others. Independence — select own resources, carry out tasks without help, will try to complete a task themselves before asking for help, can work on own and with others. Confidence — try new activities, make own choices and decisions, talk to others about what they need or their ideas, ask for help, initiate own ideas, seek a challenge. Responsibility — take care of their own belongings, take care of the belongings of others and class resources. Communication — listen, speak, reflect, explain, respond, recall, review.	Express feelings — show how to different experiences as a excited, upset, angry, frustry pride in their own achievem Communication — make chawhat they need, listen to of initiate an apology when a Understand feelings — talk explain why they are experifeelings. Manage feelings and behave follow rules, share with oth change and adapt their behalfferent situations, show conthers, deal with anger and with others to solve simple Understand how others feelings others, show awareness of impact on others, know the and respond in different was	w they feel in response appropriate (happy, sad, ated, worried), show hents. Dices, communicate thers, recall experiences, about how they feel, dencing particular Viour — understand and ers, work with others, haviour in response to are and concern for I frustration, negotiate problems. I — show sensitivity to how their actions may at other children think	Build friendships — engage in positive interactions with adults and peers, form relationships with others, seek others to share activities and experiences, seek familiar adults and peers to engage in conversations, ask for help. Work together — understand and follow simple rules, share and take turns, listen to others, be considerate to the needs of others, respect the viewpoint of others, take on ideas of others, work together in collaboration. Use language — to negotiate, co-operate, plan and organise play, resolve conflict Social skills — observe others, initiate and understand the rules of social interaction, negotiate, resolve conflict, able to compromise, take responsibility for themselves and others.

			Communication — use gestures, non-verbal communication, facial expressions, body language, listen to others, speak to peers and adults, reflect on experiences, explain reasons why, respond to experiences and people, recall events, make suggestions.
End of Year	Self-Regulation	Managing Self	Building Relationships
Expectations (Early Learning Goals)	Children at the expected level of development will: Show an understanding of their own feelings and those of others, and begin to regulate their behaviour accordingly; Set and work towards simple goals, being able to wait for what they want and control their immediate impulses when appropriate; Give focused attention to what the teacher says, responding appropriately even when engaged in activity, and show an ability to follow instructions involving several ideas or actions.	Children at the expected level of development will: Be confident to try new activities and show independence, resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge; Explain the reasons for rules, know right from wrong and try to behave accordingly; Manage their own basic hygiene and personal needs, including dressing, going to the toilet and understanding the importance of healthy food choices.	Children at the expected level of development will: Work and play cooperatively and take turns with others; Form positive attachments to adults and friendships with peers; Show sensitivity to their own and to others' needs.
	F	Physical Development (PD)	
Key Skills, Knowledge,	Physical Development	Handwriting Development	Health and Self-Care
Concepts	Fundamental movement skills: run/running fast, travel on feet/feet and hands, underhand throw, underhand roll, catching, vertical jump and land, hop, static balance, balance on body parts and balance using equipment, side roll and rock and roll, pencil roll. Gross motor skills/movements: climbing, crawling, skipping, sliding, slithering, shuffling. Spatial Awareness: awareness of own space, negotiates space, finds a space, change direction, stop. Safety Awareness: when moving themselves; when travelling on, under, over, through equipment and apparatus; using small apparatus and equipment;	Movement of body parts — rotation of shoulder; bending, flexing and rotation of elbow and wrist; making a fist; wriggling and stretching fingers. Strength — shoulder, elbow, wrist, fingers. Pencil grip — holds writing tools and implements with a mature pencil grip. Control of writing tools and equipment — size of letters, correct starting points for different groups of letters, forms letters correctly. Letter formation — draws patterns, understands and follows language linked to talk about shape and movement of patterns and letters, knows the handwriting movements involved in the three basic letter shapes as exemplified by 'l' 'c' 'r' and forms	Self-care — eating, drinking, personal hygiene, cleaning teeth, dressing/undressing, takes care of own belongings. Safety — understand and follow rules on how to keep safe when using and transporting tools, equipment and resources; understand rules linked to road safety. Keeping healthy — knowledge of food groups including healthy foods; knowledge of importance of exercise to keep their body healthy. Vocabulary — use vocabulary linked to: foods and food groups, body parts, exercise and effects on body, dressing skills, road safety, safety including using and transporting tools and equipment.

	carrying and moving equipment and apparatus; respond to safety instructions. Fine motor skills, manipulation and hand-eye coordination; dexterity and manipulation when interacting with materials, objects, equipment and toys; manipulation and control when using tools and equipment. Apparatus — control and balance when using equipment for climbing, jumping, scrambling, travelling, swinging; interacts with small equipment — drop, push, throw, roll, catch, kick. Language of movement — linked to body parts, and how they move; dynamics and how movements are formed; where in space they move, and whom they move with.	basic letter shapes (linked to and those letters in their na		Communication — communicate own needs in relation to being thirsty, hungry, tired, use of toilet; communicate when they need help from others including peers and adults.
End of Year Expectations (Early Learning Goals)	safely, with consideration for themselves and others; Demonstrate strength, balance and coordination when playing; Move energetically, such as running, Use a range of small		in preparation for fluen Use a range of small to Begin to show accuracy	Fine Motor Skills d level of development will: Hold a pencil effectively t writing — using the tripod grip in almost all cases; ols, including scissors, paint brushes and cutlery; y and care when drawing.
Key Skills, Knowledge,		Readi	ng	
Concepts	Phonics	Word Reading		Comprehension
	 GPC recognition (hear, say, read letters), oral blending, blending for reading Orally blend sounds to make simple words Decode a number of regular words using Phase 2 phonemes Phase 3 phonemes/Phase 4 (combination of adjacent consonants) with build and blend strategy Link sounds to letters, naming and sounding letters of the alphabet 	 (e.g. a, an, as, at, if, in Read decodable HFW (e.g. will, that, this, the Read common irregul Phase 2 (e.g. the, I, to, Read common irregul 	Vs sight words (list1) Vs sight words (list 2) en, them) ar words (tricky) from no, go, into) ar words (tricky) from we, me, be, was, you,	 Listen attentively to a story at the appropriate interest level Recite simple rhymes, songs and poems Differentiate between text and illustrations Understand that print conveys meaning Hold a book correctly and turn pages from front to back and recognise front and back cover Know that in English print is read from left to right and top to bottom Use picture clues to help read a simple text

Use decoding to read — using build and blend strategy — towards automatically reading known words Blend phonemes to read a range of words using build and blend towards automaticity, fluency and accuracy Use phonic knowledge to attempt unknown words	 Read some common irregular words (tricky) from Phase 4 (e.g. said, like, have, so) Distinguish between a word, a letter and a space Read simple sentences Recognise some capital and lower case letters 	 Predict storyline (e.g. the ending and some vocabulary, aided by illustrations) Talk about events, settings and characters Retell narratives in the correct sequence, drawing on the language patterns of stories Respond to questions about who, what, where, when linked to text and illustrations Sequence a simple story or event Use gestures and actions to act out a story, event or rhyme from text or illustrations Make predictions based on illustrations, story content and title Respond to questions about how and why something is happening Say what a character might be thinking, saying or feeling Say how they feel about stories and poems Recall the main points in text in the correct sequence Use the structure of a simple story when reenacting and re-telling Talk about the themes of simple texts (e.g. good over evil) Act out stories through role play activities, using simple props (e.g. hats, masks, clothes
	M/ data -	etc)
	Writing	
Emergent Writing	Composition	Transcription
 Develop language skills (listening and talking) in a range of contexts Show awareness that writing communicates meaning Give meaning to the marks they make Understand that thoughts can be written down Copies adults writing behaviour (e.g. writing on the whiteboard, writing messages when on the phone etc) 	Composition: Use talk to organise, sequence and clarify thinking, ideas, feelings and events Understands that thoughts and stories can be written down Have their own ideas and reasons for writing Orally compose a sentence and hold it in memory before attempting to write it Begin to use simple sentence forms	 Spelling: GPC recognition, oral segmenting, segmenting for spelling Use some clearly identifiable letters to communicate meaning, representing some sounds correctly and in sequence Segment sounds in simple words Segment to write VC and CVC words independently using Phase 2 and Phase 3 graphemes (e.g. it, mop, bell)

	 Make marks and drawings using increasing control Know there is a sound/symbol relationship Use some recognisable letters and own symbols Write letters and strings, sometimes in clusters like words Beginning to use appropriate letters for initial sounds Beginning to build words using letter sounds in their writing Use writing in their play Use familiar words in their writing Show awareness of the different audience for writing (N.B links to daily systematic teaching of phonics) 	 Can talk about the features of their own writing Write a simple narrative Write different text forms for different purposes (e.g. lists, stories, menus, instructions, labels, captions, recipes, postcards) Vocabulary, grammar, punctuation: Begin to recognise and know there needs to be spaces between words in a simple sentence Recognise and know that full stops are at the end of a sentence Recognise and know that a sentence starts with a capital letter Write a simple phrase with finger spaces that can be read back by themselves Write simple sentences using finger spaces that can be read by themselves and others 	 Make phonetically plausible attempts when writing more complex words (e.g. using Phase 4 CCVC) Spell some irregular common words (tricky) the, to, no, go, independently Write own name Handwriting: (also see Physical Development) Write left to right and top to bottom Form some lower case letters correctly; starting and finishing in the right place, going the right way round, correctly orientated Know how to form clear ascenders ('tall letters') and descenders ('tails') Form some capital letters correctly, including the initial letter of their name Form letters from their name correctly (N.B. the letters children can form correctly will relate to their name, phonics phases and other letters which children have been taught to form correctly)
End of Year Expectations (Early Learning Goals)	Children at the expected level of development will: Demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them by retelling stories and narratives using their own words and recently introduced vocabulary; Anticipate — where appropriate — key events in stories; Use and understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, nonfiction, rhymes and poems and during role-play.	Word Reading Children at the expected level of development will: - Say a sound for each letter in the alphabet and at least 10 digraphs; Read words consistent with their phonic knowledge by sound-blending; Read aloud simple sentences and books that are consistent with their phonic knowledge, including some common exception words.	Writing Children at the expected level of development will: Write recognisable letters, most of which are correctly formed; Spell words by identifying sounds in them and representing the sounds with a letter or letters; Write simple phrases and sentences that can be read by others.

	Mathematics (M)					
Key Skills, Knowledge,		Number				
Knowledge, Concepts	Rote counting: Rote count from 1 Rote count on from a given number between 1 and 20 Rote count back from 5 to 1 then from 10 to 1 Rote count back from a given number between 1 and 20 Know what number comes before, or after a given number Say a number between two given numbers Count in 10s, 5s, 2s Recognition: Recognise numerals 1-5, 6-10, 0, 11-15, 16-20 Order numerals 1-5, 1-10, 1-20 based on knowledge of quantities Counting items: Understand that counting is to find out how many Use one to one correspondence when counting Understand the last number said is the number in the set Count items, sounds and actions Understand and use conservation of number Use the word 'zero' to represent 'none' Match numerals to sets of objects Understand more, less, fewer Compare two sets of different items saying which set is more, less, fewer Compare and order three or more sets of objects Can state without counting (subitise) quantities	Sense: Partition a set of objects in different ways using the terminology part/part-whole Make a group of 10 objects Arrange a group of items between 10 and 20 into 1 group of 10 plus another group Understand that 'teen' numbers are a group of 10 plus another number Understand 20 is the same as two groups of 10 Recognise repeating patterns in the sequence ie 6, 7, 8, 9 and 16, 17, 18, 19 Ordinal numbers: Understand and use ordinal numbers Fractions: Can share a whole item into two equal parts Understand that halving means sharing into two equal parts Understand the relationship between doubling and halving Know doubles of numbers and corresponding halves Graphics: Represent amounts in their own ways Represent their thinking in their own ways Talk about their representations Write numerals 0-9, 10-20	Calculating: Understand the concept of addition by practically combining sets of objects Understand the concept of subtraction by practically removing one amount from within another Relate subtraction to addition in practical situations Identify one more and one less than a given number Identify two more and two less than a given number Add two single digit numbers totalling up to 10 using practical equipment Add two single digit numbers totalling more than 10 using practical equipment Subtract a single digit number from a numb up to 10, using practical equipment Subtract a single digit number from a numb up to 10, using practical equipment Number, order, count, pattern, next, forward backwards More, less, fewer, altogether, equals, the sar as, how many, too many, lots of, not enoug fewer than, before, after Zero, one, two, three			

Make a sensible guess of quantities within 10

	Space, Shape and Measures					
Shape and Space		Measurement				
Shape: Use everyday language to talk about shapes in the environment Build and make models with 3D shapes Create patterns and pictures with 2D shapes Name common 2D (circle, triangle, square, rectangle, oblong) Name common 3D shapes (sphere, cube, cuboid, cone) Talk about using mathematical language (straight, curved, sides, flat, solid) Sort shapes according to their own criteria Know that shapes can appear in different ways and be different sizes Space: Understand and use positional language in everyday situations Understand and use ordinal numbers when describing position Understand and use the language of movement/direction Recognise patterns made of objects, numbers and shapes Describe patterns made of objects, numbers and shapes Create and describe their own patterns made of objects, numbers and shapes	different names including length, width, height Compare two objects of different length Compare two objects of different width Compare two objects of different height Understand and use language of comparison (e.g. wider/narrower; longer/shorter; taller/shorter) Order three objects of different length/width/height Understand and use language of comparison	Volume/Capacity: Understand the measurement of volume/capacity (empty/nearly full) Compare two of the same container holding different amounts Understand and use language of comparison (e.g. empty/full, more/less, most/least) Order three of the same container holding different amounts Understand and use the language of comparison of three of the same container holding different amounts (e.g. most/least) Understand the concept of conservation of volume/capacity Use uniform non-standard units to measure volume/capacity Money: Understand that we need to pay for goods Talk about things they want to spend their money on Talk about different ways we can pay for things Recognise that there are different coins Recognise 1p coin Use 1p coins to pay for items Time: Talk about significant times of the day (e.g. home time, lunch time, snack time, bed time etc) Use the language of comparison when talking about time (e.g. longer/shorter; faster/slower) Understand and use language (e.g. before, after, yesterday, today, tomorrow)				

			descrit Months	nce two or three familiar events and be the sequence s the names of the days of the week ames of days of the week in order
End of Year Expectations	Nu	mber	Numeri	cal Patterns
(Early Learning Goals)	number to 10, including the composition quantities without counting) up to 5; Au	itomatically recall (without reference to bonds up to 5 (including subtraction fact	recognising the pattern of the counti in different contexts, recognising who s) or the same as the other quantity; E.	relopment will: Verbally count beyond 20, ng system; Compare quantities up to 10 en one quantity is greater than, less than explore and represent patterns within nd odds, double facts and how quantities
		Understanding the World	(UW)	
Key Skills, Knowledge,	Cultures and Beliefs	Historical Development	Working Scientifically	Geographical Development (a sense of place)
Concepts	Communication — express feelings, give opinions and reasons. Comment on significant events in own lives, talk about family, friends and the local community. Consider issues of similarity and difference in gender, language, ethnicity, religion, culture and SEND. Use their developing language skills to share experiences, ideas, give explanations, make suggestions, choices and decisions, either verbally or nonverbally. Respect — themselves, special things in their own lives, other people including their ideas, feelings, beliefs, culture, possessions. Observe — look closely and consider the people and the lives of different people and events in the world around them, examine objects and find out more about them.	Communication — talk about key events, in own lives, about family, friends, other people including significant people. Observe — show an interest in significant events and experiences in the lives of others, including friends and family members. Describe — features of objects, people, places at different times, make comparisons. Research — find out about, people, places, events, objects, ask questions, use different sources to find the answers. Chronology — order simple experiences in relation to themselves, and others including stories, events, experiences. Vocabulary — language of time when talking about past/present events in their own lives.	Explore/Observe — look closely at/notice. Describe — talk about what they notice/observe; talk about changes they notice and changes over time. Record — draw pictures, take photographs, make models or scrapbooks. Questioning — shows an interest in/is curious about; ask questions about what they notice/observe or changes that occur. Explain — talk about why things happen/occur; talk about how things work. Research — talk to people (visits/visitors/family), think of questions to ask to find things out and find out how things work; use first hand experiences/use secondary	Communication — talk about the features of different places (familiar/other places), talk about patterns and change in relation to places with which they are familiar. Mapping — know about features of different places, recognise and talk about the features in familiar/other places. Fieldwork — look closely at similarities and differences between different places (familiar/other places), make simple comparisons. Enquiry — comment and ask questions about familiar places/other places, and about familiar/other people. Use of technology — use technology and IT equipment (e.g. camera, iPad, video/video clips, apps, visualisers or the internet) to make observations or

	Describe — themselves, friends, family, other people, significant places, events, objects or artefacts. Research — show curiosity and interest, find out about people, special places and events or objects, explore and ask different types of questions, examine possibilities, consider alternatives. Vocabulary — language of tolerance, respect and co-operation.			sources (e.g. books, photo internet) Equipment and measures senses/use simple equipme observations (e.g. magnificegg timers, digital microso Compare/sort/group/ident notice similarities, notice talk about similarities and differences. Test — make suggestions, resilience, work with other Vocabulary — use simple voto name and describe objematerials, living things and	- use ent to make ers, pipettes, copes etc) ify/classify - differences; /or show ess. cocabulary ects,	find information about different locations and places.
End of Year Expectations (Early Learning Goals)	Children at the expected level of develop Talk about the lives of the people aroun their roles in society; Know some similar differences between things in the past ardrawing on their experiences and what he read in class; Understand the past through characters and events encountered in both class and storytelling.	d them and ities and now, nas been gh settings,	Children at the expected Describe their immediate knowledge from observat non-fiction texts and may and differences between cultural communities in the	cion, discussion, stories, os; Know some similarities different religious and his country, drawing on at has been read in class; and differences between fe in other countries, om stories, non-fiction	Explore the observations plants; Know between the contrasting experiences Understand in the nature	The Natural World the expected level of development will: natural world around them, making and drawing pictures of animals and v some similarities and differences natural world around them and environments, drawing on their and what has been read in class; some important processes and changes al world around them, including the changing states of matter.

	Expressive Arts and Design (EAD)						
Key Skills, Knowledge,	Art	Designing and Making	Music	Being Imaginative			
Concepts	Observation — look closely at the world through real experiences, objects and artefacts, in natural and made environments. Communication — talk about what they are doing, talk about colours, patterns, shapes, textures, in what they see, touch, and feel. Aesthetic Awareness — respond to creative and aesthetic experiences, showing pleasure and enjoyment, awareness and appreciation of sensory experiences/different stimuli. Physical skill — manipulate and control a range of tools and equipment for different purposes. Art processes and techniques — use different techniques within painting, drawing, collage and sculpture using a variety of media and materials. Evaluation — talk about their work/work of others, say what they like and dislike and why, make suggestions about changes they could make or different tools or techniques they could have used.	Explore — experiment and build with a range of construction resources, find out about the properties and functions of different construction materials. Design — talk about ideas, choose resources, tools and techniques with a purpose in mind. Make — make models using different construction materials, e.g. construction kits, reclaimed materials, experiment with different ways to build, construct and join resources. Evaluate — talk about what they like/dislike about their models/constructions, say why, and how they would change them. Tools and equipment — use equipment and tools to build, construct and make simple models and constructions; use tools and equipment linked to food preparation. Safety — handle and use equipment appropriately and safely.	Singing — familiar songs, chants, activities which develop the voice as a sound maker. Making music — using voice, objects, home-made and real musical instruments and a range of ICT.	Experiment — explore media and materials freely and in different ways. Respond — to different stimuli using gestures, actions, talk, movement and performance. Represent ideas — initiate own ideas, make choices/decisions using objects, media, materials, own voice, dance, instruments and props. Recreate — familiar experiences, familiar activities and familiar stories. Expression — of feelings, ideas, thoughts and emotions in response to different media and materials. Communication — communicate their ideas, thoughts, feelings and preferences through talk, gestures, actions and performance.			
End of Year Expectations	Creating with Materials		Being Imaginative and Expressive				
(Early Learning Goals)	Children at the expected level of development will: Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function; Share their creations, explaining the process they have used; Make use of props and materials when role playing characters in narratives and stories.		Children at the expected level of development will: Invent, adapt and recount narratives and stories with peers and their teacher; Sing a range of well-known nursery rhymes and songs; Perform songs, rhymes, poems and stories with others, and — when appropriate — try to move in time with music				

Term	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
2023/24	4 th Sept – 21 st Oct	30 th Oct – 20 th Dec	8 th Jan — 9 th Feb	19 th Feb — 28 th March	15 th April – 24 th May	4 th June — 18 th July
Celebrations/ Special Events	Rosh Hashanah 15-17 Sept Talk Like a Pirate Day 19 Sept Yom Kippur 24/25 Sept Sukkot 29 Sept — 6 Oct October - Black History Month Grandparents Day 1st Oct Harvest Festival 1-15 Oct World Animal Day 4th Oct World Space Week 4-10 Oct Recycle Week 16 — 22 Oct	Outdoor Classroom Day 2nd Nov Bonfire Night 5th Nov World Science Day 10 Nov Remembrance Day 11th Nov Diwali 12 Nov Nursery Rhyme Week 13th-17th Nov Children in Need Fri 17th Nov Road Safety Week 20-25 Nov National Tree Week Nov 27 — Dec 5 St Andrew's Day 30 Nov Start of Advent 3rd Dec Hannukah 7th-15th Dec Christmas Day 25th Dec	RSPB's Big Schools' Birdwatch 8 Jan — 23 Feb Burns Night 25 th Jan National Storytelling Week 30 Jan — 6 Feb Children's Mental Health Week 5th-11th Feb Safer Internet Day 6 Feb Chinese/Lunar New Year (Year of the Dragon) 10 — 17 Feb Shrove Tuesday 13 Feb Valentine's Day 14 Feb	Lent 14 Feb — 14 March Love Your Pet Day 20 Feb St David's Day 1 March Fairtrade Fortnight 4 — 17 March World Book Day 7th March International Women's Day 8th March British Science Week 8 -17 th March Mothering Sunday 10th March Ramadan 10 March until Eid 9 th April St Patrick's Day 17 th March Holi Festival of Colour 24 March Holy Week 24 — 30th March Easter Sunday 31st March	Passover/Pesach 22 – 30 April Earth Day 22 nd April St George's Day 23rd April Beep Beep Day (Road Safety) 24 th April Children's Day (Japan) 5 th May Sun Awareness Week 6 – 12 May Mental Health Awareness Week 13-19 May International Dinosaur Day 15 th May Pentecost/Whitsun 19 May Walk to School Week 20- 24 May World Bee Day 20 May	June — Pride Month Child Safety Week 3-9 June World Environment Day 5th June D Day 6th June Father's Day 16th June Eid al-Adha 16-20 June International Yoga Day 21st June World Music Day 21st June International Mud Day 29th June NHS Birthday 5th July Transition to KS1
Visits/Visitors	Rhyddings Church — Harvest Festival Autumn walk around local area People who help us (PSHE link)	Tots on Tyres Life Education Visit Whole school trip to pantomime Walk to post box to post Christmas cards/letters to Santa	Library/librarian Right Start Road Safety	Supermarket Spring walk around local area Theatre company in school	Allotment/Farm (Cronkshaw Fold Farm, Rossendale)	Emergency Services Summer walk around local area
I wonder	I wonder what changes in Autumnif my family is like yours where light can appear from why people give gifts?		I wonder what changes in Winter how other people celebrate what changes in Spring if Jesus ate Easter eggs?		I wonder what changes in Summer if my plant will grow if all babies look like their parents?	

Terrific Texts



The Colour Monster – Anna Llenas Funnu Bones - Allan Ahlbera Captain Pugwash Down the Hatch – John Ryan The Three Little Pigs – Traditional Tale Bringing Down the Moon – Jonathan Emmett Aliens Love Underpants – Claire Freedman The Little Red Hen - Traditional Tale The Scarecrow's Wedding – Julia Donaldson The Hairy Toe - Daniel Postgate Room on the Broom — Julia Donaldson Remember, Remember, the Fifth of November – Deborah Webb Little Red Riding Hood – Traditional Tale Jack and Jill – Nursery Rhyme Head, Shoulders, Knees and Toes - Nursery Rhyme The Wheels on The Bus - Nursery Rhyme Hickory Dickory Dock - Nursery Rhyme Row, Row, Row Your Boat - Nursery Rhyme Stick Man – Julia Donaldson Owl Babies – Martin Waddell The Owl who was Afraid of the Dark - Jill Tomlinson The Christmas Pine – Julia Donaldson

Goldilocks and the 3 Bears — Traditional Tale Penguin — Polly Dunbar
I am Actually a Penguin! — Sean Taylor
Mr Benn Zoo Keeper — David McKee
Blackbird, Blackbird, What do you do? — Kate
McLelland
Hansel and Gretel — Traditional Tale
The Runaway Wok — Ying Chang Compestine
The Gingerbread Man — Traditional Tale
Handa's Surprise — Eileen Browne
Pablo The Super Banana — Fairtrade.org.uk
The Magic Porridge Pot — Traditional Tale
Humpty Dumpty — Nursery Rhyme

Jack and the Beanstalk — Traditional Tale
Jasper's Beanstalk — Nick Butterworth, Mick Inkpen
Titch — Pat Hutchins
The Enormous Turnip — Traditional Tale
Farmer Duck — Martin Waddell
The Bumblebear — Nadia Shireen
Monkey Puzzle — Julia Donaldson
Once There Were Giants — Martin Waddell
The Very Hungry Caterpillar — Eric Carle
Incy Wincy Spider — Nursery Rhyme
The Bad Tempered Ladybird — Eric Carle
The Three Billy Goats Gruff — Traditional Tale
Superworm — Julia Donaldson

Literacy (CL/L/PD)





Speaking clearly and grammatically. Listening carefully. Acting out stories. Singing songs with actions and intonation. The 'Speaking Spot'. Making up stories, rhymes and poems. Oral storytelling. Orally composing sentences. Naming and sounding the letters of the alphabet. Grapheme/phoneme correspondence (linking sounds to letters). Oral blending and segmenting (hearing and saying sounds in words). Blending for reading. Reading decodable and common irregular words. Developing comprehension skills. Understanding that a story has a beginning, middle and end.

Using a pencil and holding it correctly. Writing recognisable letters, mostly formed correctly and facing the right way. Writing own names. Segmenting for spelling. Beginning to write simple sentences. Using basic punctuation.

Opportunities to write different text forms for different purposes (e.g. labels, lists, captions, instructions, recipes, menus, postcards, story maps, stories, letters.)

Maths (M)



Mastering Number



Pupils will build on previous experiences of number from their home and nursery environments, and further develop their subitising and counting skills. They will explore the composition of numbers within 5. They will begin to compare sets of objects and use the language of comparison.

Pupils will:

- identify when a set can be subitised and when counting is needed
- subitise different arrangements, both unstructured and structured, including using the Hungarian number frame
- make different arrangements of numbers within 5 and talk about what they can see, to develop their conceptual subitising skills
- spot smaller numbers 'hiding' inside larger numbers
- connect quantities and numbers to finger patterns and explore different ways of representing numbers on their fingers
- hear and join in with the counting sequence, and connect this to the 'staircase' pattern of the counting numbers, seeing that each number is made of one more than the previous number
- develop counting skills and knowledge, including: that the last number in the count tells us 'how many' (cardinality); to be accurate in counting, each thing must be counted once and once only and in any order; the need for 1:1 correspondence; understanding that anything can be counted, including actions and sounds
- · compare sets of objects by matching
- begin to develop the language of 'whole' when talking about objects which have parts

Pupils will continue to develop their subitising and counting skills and explore the composition of numbers within and beyond 5. They will begin to identify when two sets are equal or unequal and connect two equal groups to doubles. They will begin to connect quantities to numerals.

Pupils will:

- continue to develop their subitising skills for numbers within and beyond 5, and increasingly connect quantities to numerals
- begin to identify missing parts for numbers within 5
- explore the structure of the numbers 6 and 7 as '5 and a bit' and connect this to finger patterns and the Hungarian number frame
- focus on equal and unequal groups when comparing numbers
- understand that two equal groups can be called a 'double' and connect this to finger patterns
- sort odd and even numbers according to their 'shape'
- continue to develop their understanding of the counting sequence and link cardinality and ordinality through the 'staircase' pattern
- · order numbers and play track games
- $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$ join in with verbal counts beyond 20, hearing the repeated pattern within the counting numbers

Pupils will consolidate their counting skills, counting to larger numbers and developing a wider range of counting strategies. They will secure knowledge of number facts through varied practice.

Pupils will:

- continue to develop their counting skills, counting larger sets as well as counting actions and sounds
- explore a range of representations of numbers, including the 10-frame, and see how doubles can be arranged in a 10-frame
- compare quantities and numbers, including sets of objects which have different attributes
- continue to develop a sense of magnitude, e.g. knowing that 8 is quite a lot more than 2, but 4 is only a little bit more than 2
- begin to generalise about 'one more than' and 'one less than' numbers within10
- continue to identify when sets can be subitised and when counting is necessary
- develop conceptual subitising skills including when using a rekenrek

Pattern, Shape, Space and Measures

Pattern, Shape, Space and Measures

Pattern, Shape, Space and Measures



Questful RE (UW) **BLACKBURIT DIOCESATIBOARD OF EDUCATION	I am Special To give pupils an understanding that they are unique and special. To know that Christians believe that they are loved, valued and made by God. Harvest To give pupils an understanding of why Christians say thank you to God at harvest time and talk about him being creator.	Special People To give pupils an opportunity to explore Christian values through their own actions and the actions of others. To highlight the role of significant/special people in pupils' lives. To emphasise the ways in which Jesus was a special person. Christmas To explore the nativity story in a variety of ways and ensure pupils know that Christmas is the celebration of Jesus' birth.	Stories Jesus Heard To introduce pupils to stories of the Old Testament and understand that Jesus would have heard these stories as he was growing up. Stories Jesus Told To explore the stories that Jesus told and know that he told them to teach us about God.	Easter To explore the events of Easter through a variety of multi-sensory experiences ensuring that pupils know that for Christians it is a celebration of Jesus' death and resurrection. To enable pupils to begin to understand that Christians believe that Jesus died because he loves us and that he came back to life to save us and mend the relationship with God that was broken at the Fall. (God's Big Story)	Friendship To explore the meaning of friendship, how we make friends and why friends are important. To know about Jesus making friends, how he made friends and who he chose. Special Places To begin to develop pupils' understanding of a place being considered as a special/holy place where believers go to worship.	Prayer To start children on their journey towards understanding what prayer is and the different ways people of faith talk to God. Special Times To develop pupils understanding of special/holy times. To increase their knowledge of the ways special times are celebrated, remembered and the reasons why. To introduce pupils to the story of Pentecost and God as Holy Spirit. To begin to develop pupils' knowledge of the festivals celebrated by people of faith.
Coram Life Education (PSED) Coram A Life Education (PSED)	Me and my Relationships All about me What makes me special Me and my special people Who can help me? My feelings My feelings (2)	Valuing Difference I'm special, you're special Same and different Same and different families Same and different homes I am caring I am a friend	Keeping Safe What's safe to go onto my body Keeping Myself Safe - What's safe to go into my body (including medicines) Safe indoors and outdoors Listening to my feelings Keeping safe online People who help to keep me safe	Rights and Respect Looking after my special people Looking after my friends Being helpful at home and caring for our classroom Caring for our world Looking after money (1): recognising, spending, using Looking after money (2): saving money and keeping it safe	Being my Best Bouncing back when things go wrong Yes, I can! Healthy eating My healthy mind Move your body A good night's sleep	Growing and Changing Seasons Life stages — plants, animals, humans Life Stages: Human life stage — who will I be? Where do babies come from? Getting bigger Me and my body — girls and boys

Seasons- Autumn	Seasons — Autumn/Winter	Seasons — Winter/Spring	Seasons — Spring	Seasons- Spring/Summer	
Animals (humans) Facial features Body parts Skeletons The 5 senses Keeping healthy Primary Science Teaching Trust (PSTT) The Three Little Pigs (Materials) The Scarecrow's Wedding (Materials/Environments, plants and animals)	Light and Dark Making shadows, different places to find light, mirrors, torches, dark den, puppets Firework in a glass Primary Science Teaching Trust (PSTT) Autumn/Trees	Materials Names, textures, properties Water, ice, other liquids, sand, mud, food stuffs, bubbles, magnets Changing states of matter— ice/water, bread/toast, gloop Primary Science Teaching Trust (PSTT) Winter Snow and Ice	Forces and Movement Effect of forces on movement — falling, balancing, floating, moving toys, moving themselves, flying, malleable materials Primary Science Teaching Trust (PSTT) The Gingerbread Man (Materials) Humpty Dumpty (Senses/Materials/Forces/ Life cycles)	Environments, plants and animals Experience, observe, talk about environments, plants and animals Name common plants Plant seeds and observe changes Cress caterpillars Show care for living things Life cycles Insect Lore — Butterfly house Primary Science Teaching Trust (PSTT) Spring/Farms Summer/Fruits	
Past and Present Our houses, families, pets Day to day life Journey to the moon — Neil Armstrong Edwin 'Buzz' Aldrin	Past and Present People, Culture and Communities Significant past and present events important to us - Remembrance Day Bonfire Night Understand that people celebrate in different ways	Past and Present Old Bear Stories Toys now and then	Past and Present Famous British Scientist — Alexander Graham Bell	Past and Present Compare past and present based on own experiences and stories read in class Compare past and Present I remember when (memories from Reception class)	
The Natural World Our environment. Our journey to school. People who help us. Our classroom and where things are. Autumn walk- seasonal changes including weather	People, Culture and Communities Names of different countries where celebrations take place. Walk to post box to post Christmas cards/letters to Santa	The Natural World Link to Science Hot and cold countries Living in cold places - Polar bears in the Arctic Winter walk- seasonal changes including weather	The Natural World Simple maps based on journeys — link to Rosie's Walk Spring walk- seasonal changes including weather	The Natural World Human and physical features within the boundaries of our school Summer walk - seasonal changes including weather	
	Animals (humans) Facial features Body parts Skeletons The 5 senses Keeping healthy Primary Science Teaching Trust (PSTT) The Three Little Pigs (Materials) The Scarecrow's Wedding (Materials/Environments, plants and animals) Past and Present Our houses, families, pets Day to day life Journey to the moon — Neil Armstrong Edwin 'Buzz' Aldrin The Natural World Our environment. Our journey to school. People who help us. Our classroom and where things are. Autumn walk- seasonal	Animals (humans) Facial features Body parts Skeletons The 5 senses Keeping healthy Primary Science Teaching Trust (PSTT) The Three Little Pigs (Materials) The Scarecrow's Wedding (Materials/Environments, plants and animals) Past and Present Our houses, families, pets Day to day life Journey to the moon — Neil Armstrong Edwin 'Buzz' Aldrin People, Culture and Communities Significant past and present events important to us - Remembrance Day Bonfire Night Understand that people celebrate in different ways The Natural World Our environment. Our journey to school. People who help us. Our classroom and where things are. Autumn walk- seasonal changes including weather	Animals (humans) Facial features Body parts Skeletons The 5 senses Keeping healthy Primary Science Teaching Trust (PSTT) The Three Little Pigs (Materials) The Sarecrow's Wedding (Materials) The Sarecrow's Wedding (Materials) The Scarecrow's Wedding (Materials) The Sarecrow's Wedding (Materials) The Scarecrow's Wedding (Materials) The Scarecrow's Wedding (Materials) The Scarecrow's Wedding (Materials) The Scarecrow's Wedding (Materials) The Sarecrow's Wedding (Materials) The Scarecrow's Wedding (Materials) The Scarecrow's Wedding (Materials) Tour houses, families, pets Day to day life Journey to the moon – Neil Armstrong Edwin 'Buzz' Aldrin The Natural World Our environment. Our journey to school. People who help us. Our classroom and where things are. Autumn walk-seasonal changes including weather Walk to post box to post Christmas cards/letters to Winter walk-seasonal changes including weather	Animals (humans) Facial features Body parts Skeletons The 5 senses Keeping healthy Primary Science Teaching Trust (PSTT) The Three Little Pigs (Materials/Environments, plants and animals) The Saraercow's Wedding (Materials/Environments, plants and animals) Journey to the moon – Neil Armstrong Edwin 'Buzz' Aldrin The Natural World Our environment. Our journey to school. People who help us. Our classroom and where things are. Autumn walk-seasonal changes including weather Autumn walk-seasonal changes including weather Autumn walk-seasonal changes including weather Materials Names, textures, properties Water, ice, other liquids, sand, mud, food stuffs, budbles, magnets Water, ice, other liquids, sand, mud, food stuffs, budbles, magnets Water, ice, other liquids, sand, mud, food stuffs, budbles, magnets Water, ice, other liquids, sand, mud, food stuffs, budbles, magnets Water, ice, other liquids, sand, mud, food stuffs, budbles, magnets Water, ice, other liquids, sand, mud, food stuffs, budbles, magnets Water, ice, other liquids, sand, mud, food stuffs, budbles, magnets Water, ice, other liquids, sand, mud, food stuffs, budbles, magnets Water, ice, other liquids, sand, mud, food stuffs, budbles, magnets Water, ice, other liquids, sand, mud, food stuffs, budbles, magnets Water, ice, other liquids, sand, mud, food stuffs, budbles, sandes. Water, ice, other liquids, sand, mud, food stuffs, budbles, sandes. Water, ice, other liquids, sand, mud, food stuffs, budbles, sandes. Water, ice, other liquids, sand, mud, food stuffs, budbles, sandes. Water, ice, other liquids, sand, mud, food stuffs, budbles, sandes. Water, ice, other liquids, sand, mud, food stuffs, budbles, sandes. Water, ice, other liquids, sand, mud, food stuffs, budbles, sandes. Water, ice, other liquids, sand, mud, food stuffs, budbles, sandes. Water, ice, other liquids, sand, mud, food stuffs, budbles, sandes. Water, ice, other liquids, sand, mud, food stuffs, budbles, sandes. Water, ice, other liquids, sandes. Water, ice, other liquids, sandes. Wat	

Computing (UW) Kapow Primary	Computing Systems & Networks 1: Using a computer Keyboards Logging in and out Mouse control Mouse control — clicking Mouse control — clicking and dragging		Programming 1: All About Instructions Following instructions Giving simple instructions Dressing up instructions Debugging instructions (washing hands) Predictions	Computing Systems & Networks 1: Exploring Hardware Exploring hardware tinker tray Real world tinker tray Pictures of play Picture walk Class photo album	Programming 2: Programming Bee-Bots Understanding arrows Introducing the Bee-Bot Simple Bee-Bot programming Understanding algorithms Programming a Bee-Bot	Data Handling: Introduction to Data Loose parts play Sorting ourselves Yes or no? Creating a branching database Exploring pictograms
Opportunities in Art and Design (EAD)	Mouse Paint — Ellen Stoll Walsh (colour mixing) Andy Warhol (facial features) Pablo Picasso (self-portraits) Jackson Pollock (firework pictures) Van Gogh (Starry night) Kandinsky (circles) Mondrian (squares/rectangles) Autumn collage Leaf pictures, printing, rubbing		Andy Goldsworthy (natural collage) Blow painting Printing with fruit and vegetables Guiseppe Arcimboldo (fruit and vegetable faces) Ice painting Textured paint		Vincent Van Gogh (Sunflowers) Matisse (Snail) Georgia O'Keefe (flowers)	
Opportunities in Design and Technology (EAD)	Junk modelling houses, make playdough, musical instruments, rockets, chocolate sparklers Christmas cards and crafts		Make pancakes, porridge, gingerbread men, Mother's Day cards and crafts, Easter cards and crafts		Eid crafts, mini beast houses, make sandwiches, fruit salad	
Music (EAD) Kapow Primary	Exploring Sound Vocal sounds Body sounds Instrumental sounds Environmental sounds Nature sounds	Celebration Music Diwali music Hannukah music Kwanzaa music Traditional Christmas music Christmas action songs Nativity!	Music and Movement Action songs Finding the beat Exploring tempo Exploring tempo and pitch through dance Music and movement performance	Musical Stories Moving to music Using instruments to represent characters Storytelling with actions Using instruments to represent actions Musical story composition Musical story performance	Transport Exploring different types of transport Trains Boats Cars Transport Journey	Big Band What makes an instrument? Introduction to orchestra Follow the beat Tuned and untuned instruments Big band performance

Lancashire
PE
(PD)



Fundamental Movement Skills To jump for distance To land appropriately

To hop on both feet
To under arm throw for distance
To overarm throw for distance
To catch with increasing accuracy
To climb with confidence under, over & through climbing equipment

<u>Transport</u>

To travel in a variety of ways
To adjust speed and direction to avoid obstacles
To show increasing control over an object pushing it
To form a variety of gymnastic rolls
To over arm throw for distance
To climb nursery, play climbing equipment
To revise fundamental movement skills

<u>How to Catch a Star</u>

To balance on small and large body parts
To send a ball/throwing equipment with increasing accuracy
To jump and land appropriately
To climb under, over and through climbing equipment
To practise throwing overarm
To revise fundamental movement skills

Rosie's Walk

To jump and land To experiment with appropriately To experiment with different ways of travelling; shuffling, running, jumping. or catching Skipping, sliding and co-ordination hopping To climb under, over and through climbing and large equipment To jump and land equipment To experiment with appropriately different ways of To roll in a variety of ways To roll a ball accurately travelling on hands and To climb up and down To revise fundamental apparatus using alternate movement skills To revise fundamental

<u>Jack and the Beanstalk</u>

movement skills

To perform the basic skill of different ways of moving jumping To use increasing control To travel in a variety of over an object by touching, ways low to the ground pushing, patting, throwing To travel over, under and through climbing equipment To balance on a range of To move with control and body parts To use a range of small To throw under arm To roll in a variety of ways To revise fundamental movement skills

Hungry Caterpillar